Martin Horsch, Silvia Chiacchiera, Michael Seaton, Ilian Torodov (UKRI/STFC, Daresbury)

Michael Hoffmann, Welchy Leite Cavalcanti (Fraunhofer IFAM, Bremen)

Marketplace Development for Modelling and Simulation of Materials - VIMMP Project

VIMMP

VIRTUAL MATERIALS MARKETPLACE

NanoDome Conference

4th September 2018

Cambridge, UK









■ H2020 Project

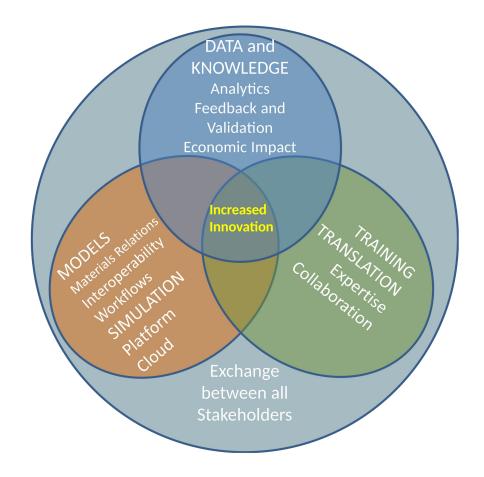
Virtual Materials Marketplace VIMMP (GA 760907) H2020 (NMBP-25-2017)

The VIMMP Marketplace will be a user-friendly hub that provides:

Effective use of materials modelling (by a wide spectrum of participants),

of development and market

deployment for materials.



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 760907

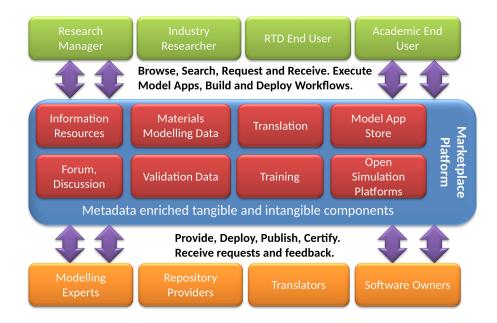








VIMMP Marketplace concept: To serve its participants and facilitate exchange, e.g., between materials model providers, industrial & academic client end users, and translators.



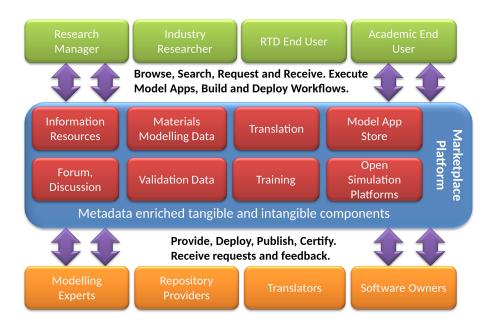








VIMMP Marketplace concept: To serve its participants and facilitate exchange, e.g., between materials **model providers**, industrial & academic **client** end users, and **translators**.



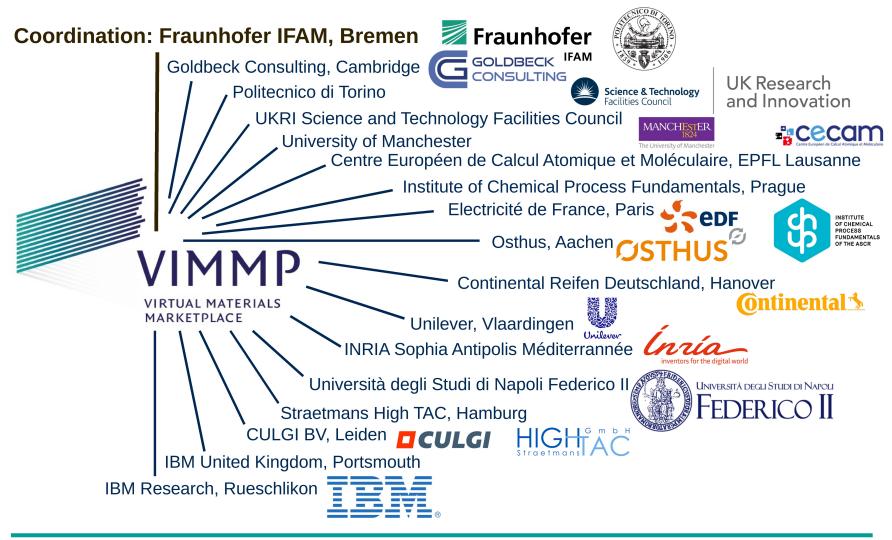
The **VIMMP Marketplace** will provide end-user interfaces to information resources, discussion forums, databases and repositories, translation and training services, validated models and modelling software, and the ability to utilise open simulation platforms to build and deploy workflows via cloud-based computing resources.













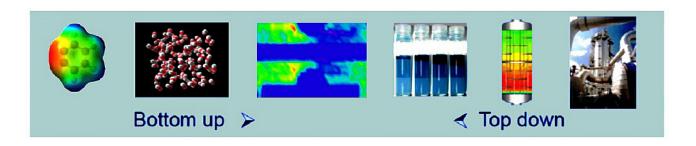


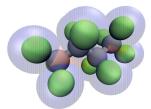
UK Research





Physics-based and data-based modelling of materials



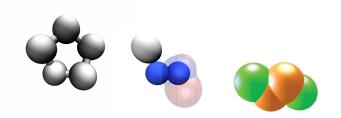


physics-driven aspects (qualitative validity)



data-driven aspects (quantitative reliability)

- Realistic representation of the underlying physical features
- Models with free parameters, which can be adjusted to experimental data



 Reliable interpolation, extrapolation and prediction of thermophysical properties



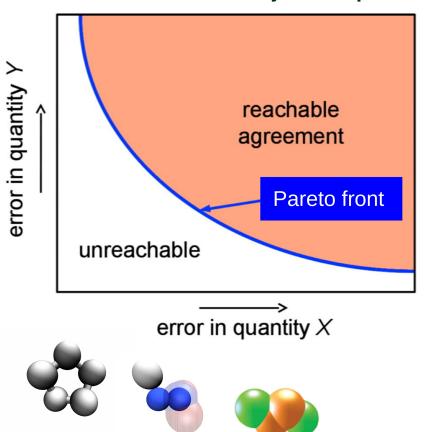




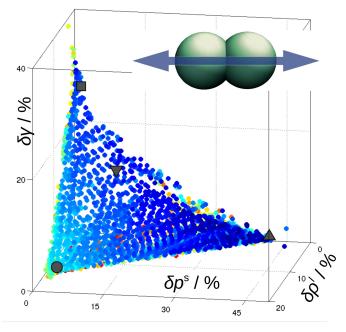


Model optimization and uncertainty quantification

Multidimensional objective space









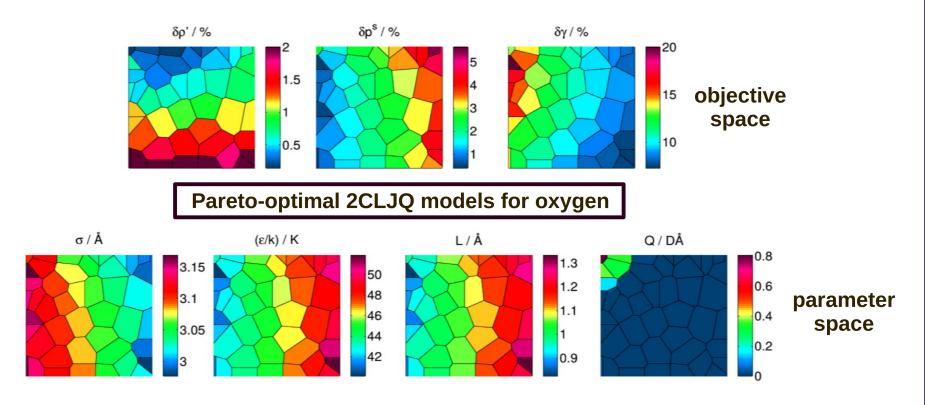






Bespoke model parameterization for a user case

Self-organized patch plots¹ visualizing the Pareto front and the Pareto-optimal models:



¹K. Stöbener et al., Fluid Phase Equilib. 411, 33 – 42, **2016**.



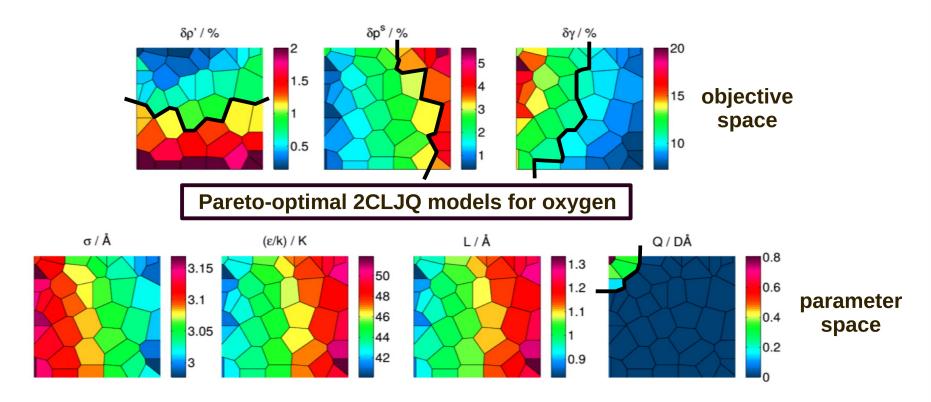






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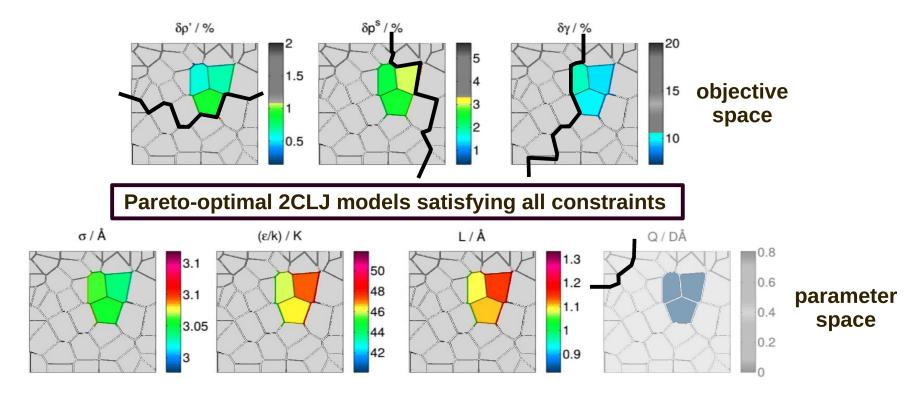






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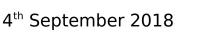


¹K. Stöbener *et al.*, *Fluid Phase Equilib.* 411, 33 – 42, **2016**.



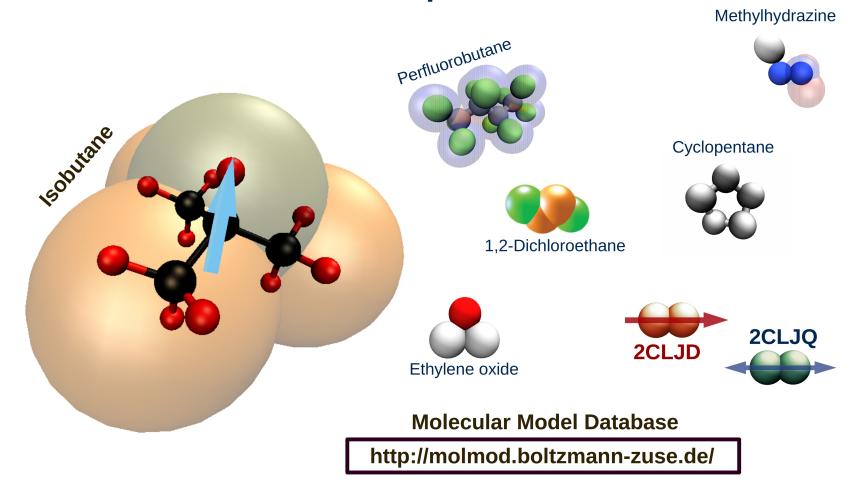








Model data and metadata repositories



Repository maintained by Simon Stephan et al. (Boltzmann-Zuse Society)

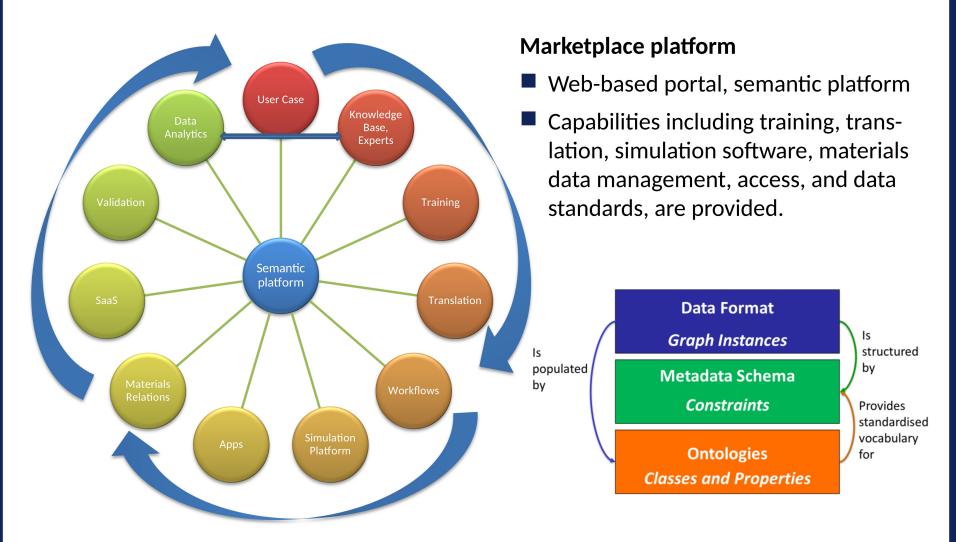








Semantic interoperability of models and codes











Developments in materials modelling standardization

Review of Materials Modelling VI (edited by de Baas), 2017

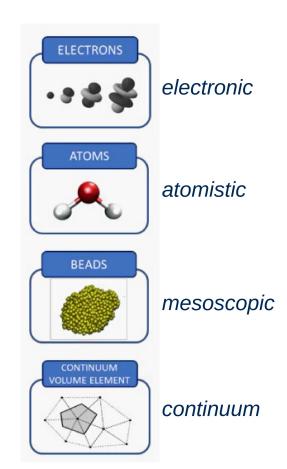
RoMM VI

Semi-formalized terminology or vocabulary

"What makes a material function?

Let me compute the ways ..."

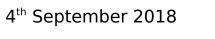












Developments in materials modelling standardization

MODA: "Modelling Data" graph language & CEN Workshop Agreement 17284 (2018)

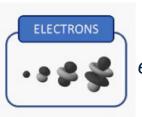
RoMM VI

MODA

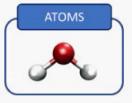
CWA 17284

Semi-formalized terminology or vocabulary

Graph language with formalized terminology
CEN European standard



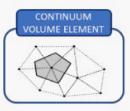
electronic



atomistic



mesoscopic



continuum



- (1) User Case
- (2) Model
- (3) Solver
- (4) Processing







Developments in materials modelling standardization

EMMO: European Materials Modelling Ontology (Ghedini et al.), to appear

RoMM VI

MODA

CWA 17284

EMMO

ATOMS

electronic

atomistic

Semi-formalized terminology or vocabulary

Graph language with formalized terminology

CEN European standard

Ontology

Time line: Pre-release of EMMO to occur in September 2018.

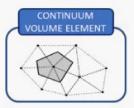


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mesoscopic



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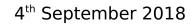
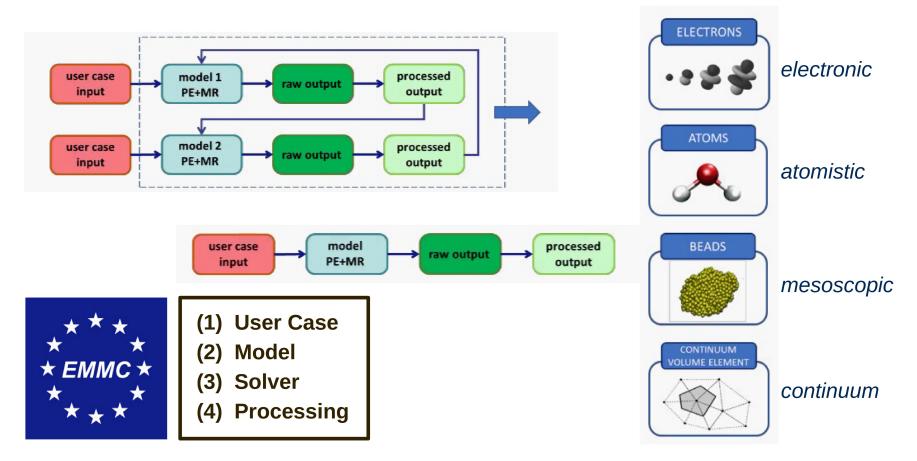




Diagram representation of simulation workflows

MODA: "Modelling Data" graph language









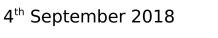
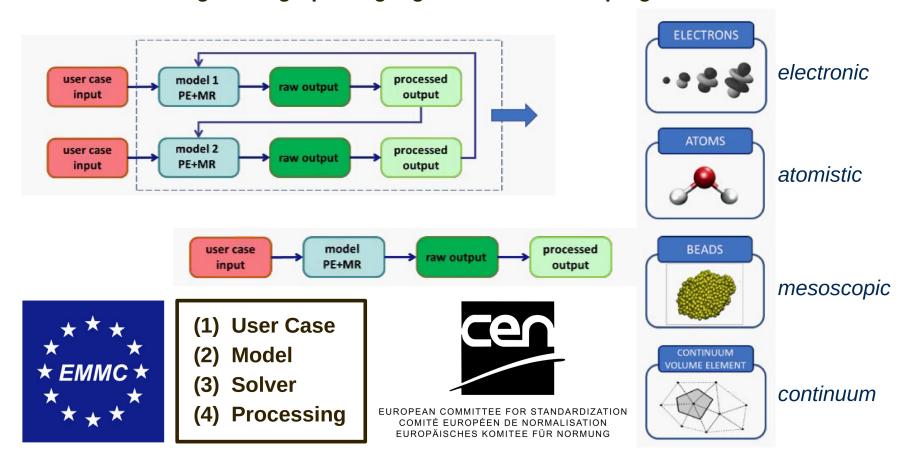




Diagram representation of simulation workflows

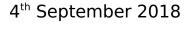
MODA: "Modelling Data" graph language & CEN Workshop Agreement 17824





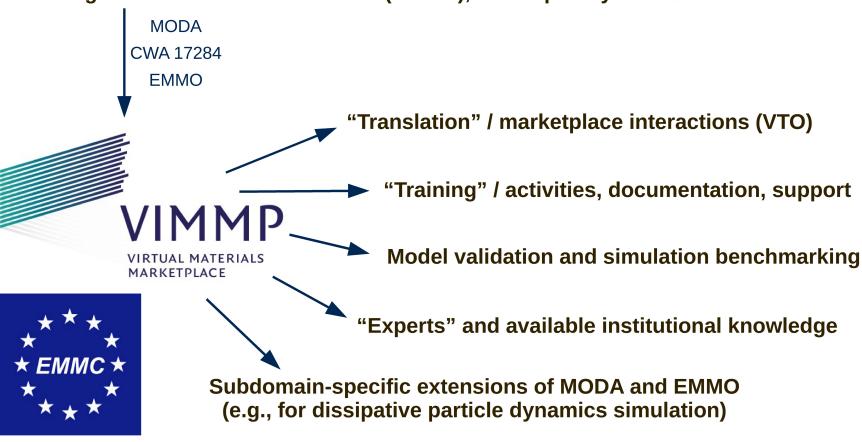








Modelling and simulation of materials (EMMO), developed by Ghedini et al.











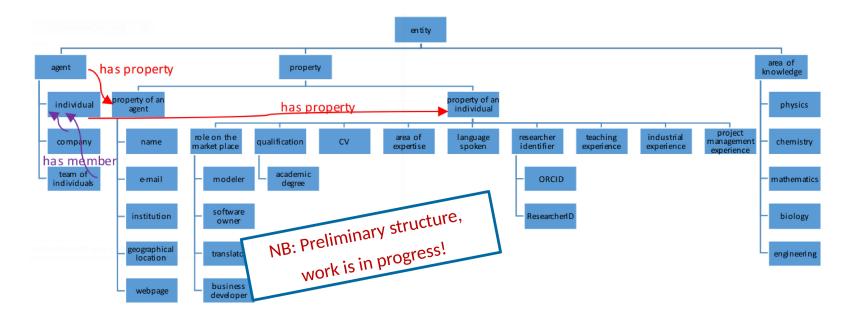
Marketplace participants Client: Problem statement **Model provider:** Solution statement Client **Translator** InterlocutorRole Model provider ParticipantType nterlocutorGroup Client VirtualMarketplace MarketplaceSubject ModelProvider Participant Interlocuto Translator TranslationOntologyEntity CertifyingExpert CertifyingJournalArticle ProblemStatement CertifyingResource CertifyingDatabase SolutionStatement Statement AcceptanceDeclaratio Communication Interlocution RejectionDeclaration CertificateRepositoryEntry CertificateDeclaration StatementTypeCode InterlocutorEndorsementCertificate InterestDeclaration StatementIdentifier EndorsementCertificat InterlocutionDescripto SolutionEndorsementCertificate **VIMMP Translation Ontology** MarketplaceCertificate SolutionCertificate vto version 0.2.1 ModaSectionEndorsementCertificate AccessPermission ModaSectionCertificat SolutionValidationCertificate ValidationCertificate ModaSectionValidationCertificate







VIMMP Expert Knowledge Ontology



Above: a taxonomy, separating the agents acting on the marketplace from their properties.

We are currently reviewing existing relevant ontologies for branches such as: areas of knowledge, classification of materials and chemical entities, workflows.









Modelling and simulation data and metadata for dissipative particle dynamics

User Case

Model ·

Solver

Processing

Type and name Model entity Physics equation Materials relations **Boundary conditions** Simulated input

Bonding force Non-bonding conservative force

Electrostatic force

Random force

Drag force

External forces

Population of unbonded species

DPD simulation code DL MESO

https://www.scd.stfc.ac.uk/Pages/DL MESO.aspx

Developed by Michael Seaton et al. (STFC Daresbury Laboratory)









Modelling and simulation data and metadata for dissipative particle dynamics

User Case Bonding force Model -Non-bonding conservative force Type and name Solver -Model entity Electrostatic force **Processing** Physics equation Random force Materials relations Drag force **Boundary conditions** External forces Simulated input Population of unbonded species Numerical solver Software tool Time step Computational representation Boundary conditions Solver parameters time discretization, ensemble and integrator, random number generator, ... geometric constraints algorithm, simulation box size, ...











Verification, validation, and benchmarking

- Verification of software codes:
 - Fundamental tests: time integration accuracy, electrostatics, ...
 - Comparisons with exact results (when possible)
 - Comparisons with independent numerical results (same method or others)
 - Existence of a repository, Continuous Integration (CI) of changes
 - Test suite (number of tests, code coverage)
- Benchmarking of software codes:
 - Performance, scaling (weak and strong)
 - Ranges of usage (max number of particles, ...)
- Validation of model parameters: parameter provider, model, target property, experimental value, reference publication

Note: For some categories we may provide workflows in the market place

Caveat: With numerical methods, often difficult to disentangle the aspects tested (method, model and code)





UK Research





Paradigm shift in modelling and simulation

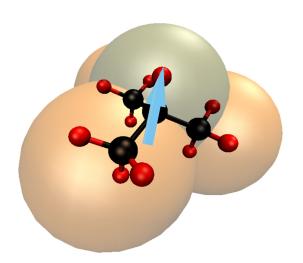




Modelling of materials as an <u>art</u> practised by academic experts

- A very limited community of people is qualified to design materials models;
- for each substance, an expert develops a model, to be looked up from literature;
- it is usually not disclosed how the model was designed and optimized.

Users need a background (e.g., in molecular thermodynamics and statistical mechanics), to assess the model quality, and they **cannot actively contribute** to adjusting the model without repeating the expert work.



Molecular Model Database

http://molmod.boltzmann-zuse.de/









Paradigm shift in modelling and simulation





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Modelling of materials as a technology accessible to all industrial engineers

• Models are flexibly adjustable, e.g., by multicriteria optimization, based on a preceding characterization of the model class;



- bespoke models for specific user cases can be obtained with little effort; or automatically, interoperating with other platforms (e.g., process simulation)
- reliable statements on the model uncertainty are available to the user.

Users who may not possess a background in materials modelling and simulation are enabled to actively guide modelling and simulation practice – supported by "translators".









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